

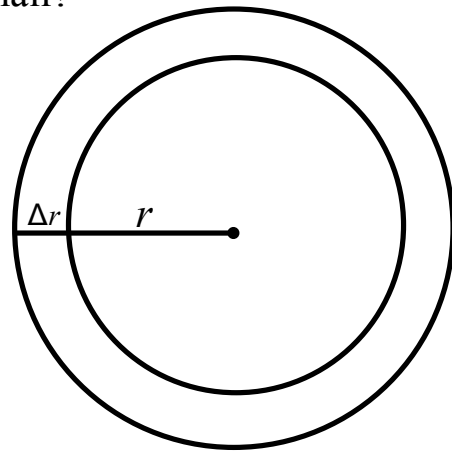
13) a) Find the average rate of change of the area of a circle with respect to its radius (at any r) as r changes from:

a) *i*) 2 to 3

ii) 2 to 2.5

b) Find the instantaneous rate of change when $r = 2$.

c) Show that the rate of change of the area of a circle with respect to its radius (any r) is equal to the circumference of the circle. Try to explain geometrically why this is true by drawing a circle whose radius is increased by an amount Δr . How can you approximate the resulting change in area ΔA if Δr is small?



Assignment:

Handout (Pg. 166)

3, 7-10, 14, 15

18-21, 33, 35